醫院標誌

## 健康檢查證明應檢查項目表(乙表)

(醫院名稱、地址、電話、傳真機)

Hospital's Logo

ITEMS REQUIRED FOR HEALTH CERTIFICATE (Form B)

( Hospital's Name, Address, Tel, FAX )

檢查!	日期 _	/		/
(年)	(月)	(日)	)	
		/	/	/
	( Date o	,	· - /	(Y)
	Date (	JI E.X	ашш	auon

3 T	性別 : □男 Male □女 Female
Name	Sex 護照號碼 : 照片
ID No.	E Passport Photo
出生年月日 : - / -	
Date of Birth	Nationality
年齢 :	聯絡電話 :
Age	Phone No.
實驗室檢	☆ 查 (LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS)
A. W. 近 至 478 A. HIV 抗體檢查(Serological	
□陽性 (Positive) □陰/	性(Negative) □未確定(Indeterminate)
a.篩檢(Screening Test):	□EIA □PA □其他 (Others)
b.確認 (Confirmatory Test)	):□Western Blot □其他(Others)
□兒童 15 歲以下免驗 (Not:	required for children under 15 years of age)
B. 胸部 X 光檢查肺結核(Che	est X-Ray for Tuberculosis) :
X 光發現(Findings):	
判定(Results):	
□合格(Passed) □疑似肺結	吉核(TB Suspect) □無法確認診斷( Pending) □不合格(Failed)
(經臺灣健檢醫院判定為疑例	似肺結核或無法確認診斷者,得至指定機構複驗;但所在縣市無指定
構者,得至鄰近醫院之胸腔	空科門診複檢。) (Those who are determined to be TB suspects or have a
	空科門診複檢。) (Those who are determined to be TB suspects or have a ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further
pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.)	
pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.)  □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免馬	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further
pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.) □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免馬 C.腸內寄生蟲(含痢疾阿米巴	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further
pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.) □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免馬 C.腸內寄生蟲(含痢疾阿米巴 parasites includes <i>Entameba</i>	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further 驗(Not required for pregnant women or children under 12 years of age) 上等原蟲)糞便檢查(採用離心濃縮法檢查)(Stool examination for
pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.)  □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免馬  C.腸內寄生蟲(含痢疾阿米巴 parasites includes Entameba □陽性,種名(Positive, Spec	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further  \[ \overline{\overl
pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.)  □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免馬  C.腸內寄生蟲(含痢疾阿米巴 parasites includes Entameba □陽性,種名(Positive, Spec	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further  \[ \overline{\overl
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pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.)  □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免馬  C.腸內寄生蟲(含痢疾阿米巴 parasites includes Entameba □陽性,種名(Positive, Spec □其他可不予治療之腸內寄 □兒童 6 歲以下或來自特定 from designated areas as d	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further  \[ \overline{\overl
pending diagnosis by the desi evaluation.)  □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免馬  C.腸內寄生蟲(含痢疾阿米巴 parasites includes Entameba □陽性,種名(Positive, Spec □其他可不予治療之腸內寄 □兒童 6 歲以下或來自特定 from designated areas as d  D.梅毒血清檢查(Serological	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further  \[ \overline{\overl
pending diagnosis by the desing evaluation.)  □孕婦或兒童 12 歲以下免费  C.腸內寄生蟲(含痢疾阿米巴 parasites includes Entamebra □陽性,種名(Positive, Spec □其他可不予治療之腸內寄□兒童 6 歲以下或來自特定 from designated areas as designated areas designated areas designated areas as designate	ignated hospital in Taiwan must visit the referred institution for further  \[ \overline{\overl

□兒童 15 歲以下免驗 (Not required for children under 15 years of age)				
E.麻疹及德國麻疹之抗體陽性檢驗報告或預防接種證明(proof of positive measles and rubella				
antibody titers or measles and rubella vaccination certificates) :				
a.抗體檢查(Antibody test)				
麻疹抗體 measles antibody titers □陽性 Positive □陰性 Negative □未確定(Equivocal)				
德國麻疹抗體 rubella antibody titers □陽性 Positive □陰性 Negative □未確定 (Equivocal)				
b.預防接種證明 Vaccination Certificates				
(含接種日期、接種院所及疫苗批號;接種日期與出國日期應至少相隔兩週。)				
(The Certificate should include the date of vaccination, the name of administering hospital or clinic and				
the batch no. of vaccine; the date of vaccination should be at least two weeks prior to going abroad)				
□麻疹預防接種證明 Vaccination Certificates of Measles				
□德國麻疹預防接種證明 Vaccination Certificates of Rubella				
c. □經醫師評估,有接種禁忌者,暫不適宜接種 (Having contraindications, not suitable for vaccination)				
漢 生 病 檢 查 (EXAMINATION FOR HANSEN'S DISEASE)				
全身皮膚視診結果(Skin Examination)				
□正常 Normal				
□異常 Abnormal:○非漢生病 (not related to Hansen's disease):				
○漢生病(疑似個案須進一步檢查)(Hansen's disease suspect needs further exam)				
a .病理切片(Skin Biopsy):				
b.皮膚抹片(Skin Smear):○陽性 (Finding bacilli in affected skin smears)				
○陰性 (Negative)				
c. 皮膚病灶合併感覺喪失或神經腫大( Skin lesions combined with sensory loss				
or enlargement of peripheral nerves) 〇有(Yes) 〇無(No)				
判定(Results): □合格(Passed) □不合格(Failed)				
共計(Note)・				

## 備註(Note):

- 一、本表供外籍人士、無戶籍國民、大陸地區人民及香港澳門居民申請在臺灣居留或定居時使用。This form is for residence application.
- 二、兒童 6 歲以下免辦理健康檢查,但須檢具預防接種證明備查(年滿 1 歲以上者,至少接種 1 劑麻疹、德國麻疹疫苗)。 A child under 6 years old is not necessary to have laboratory examination, but the certificate of vaccination is necessary. Child age one and above should get at least one dose of measles and rubella vaccines.
- 三、懷孕婦女及兒童 12 歲以下免接受「胸部 X 光檢查」;懷孕婦女於產後仍應補照胸部 X 光。 Pregnant women and children under 12 years of age are exempted from chest X-ray examination. Pregnant women should undergo chest X-ray after the child's birth.
- 四、<u>申請免除胸部 X 光檢查之適用對象:申請人限來自結核病盛行率低於十萬分之三十的國家,並檢具由精神科醫師</u> 出具申請人在心理上不適合進行胸部 X 光檢查之診斷證明書,經行政院衛生署疾病管制局審核通過者,始得免除 此項檢測。
- 五、兒童 15 歲以下免接受「HIV 抗體檢查」及「梅毒血清檢查」。 A child under 15 years old is not necessary to have Serological Test for HIV or Syphilis.
- 六、居住於美國 加拿大 歐洲 紐西蘭 澳洲 日本 南韓 香港 澳門及新加坡等地區或國家之申請者,得免驗腸內寄 生蟲 糞便 檢查。 Applicants living in USA, Canada, Europe, New Zealand, Australia, Japan, South Korea, Hong Kong, Macao or Singapore are not required to undergo a stool examination for parasites.
- 七、漢生病檢查為全身皮膚檢查,受檢者可穿著內衣內褲,並由親友或女性醫護人員陪同受檢。檢查時逐步分部位受檢,避免一次脫光全身衣物,維護受檢者隱私。 Hansen's disease examination refers to careful examination of the entire body surface, which should be done with courtesy and respect to the applicant's privacy. During the examination, the applicant is allowed to wear underwear and be accompanied by a friend or female medical personnel.

Hospitals or clinics have the responsibilities to protect the privacy of the applicant and the examination should be done step by step. Hence, taking off all clothes at the same time should be avoided.

八、根據以上對		女士/小姐之檢查結果為
□合格 □不合格	□須進一步檢查	
Result: According to the	above medical report of Mr./Mrs./Ms.	, he/she
☐ has passed the examin	ation □has failed the examination	□needs further examination.
:		(Name & Signature)
(Chief Medical Technologist)		_
:		(Name & Signature)
( Chief Physician )		_
:		(Name & Signature)
( Superintendent )		_
日期 ( Date ) :/_	_/ 本證明三個月內有效 (Vali	id for Three Months)

## 附錄:健康檢查證明不合格之認定原則

## Appendix: Principles in determining the health status failed

Test Item	Principles on the determination of failed items
Serological Test	1. If the preliminary testing of the serological test for HIV antibody is positive for two consecutive times,
for HIV	confirmation testing by WB is required.
Antibody	2. When findings of two consecutive WB testing (blood specimens collected at an interval of three
	months) are indeterminate, this item is considered qualified.
Chest X-ray	1. Active pulmonary tuberculosis (including tuberculous pleurisy) is unqualified.
	2. Non-active pulmonary tuberculosis including calcified pulmonary tuberculosis, calcified foci and
	enlargement of pleura, is considered qualified.
Stool	1. By microscope examination, cases are determined unqualified if intestinal helminthes eggs or other
Examination for	protozoa such as <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i> , flagellates, ciliates and sporozoans are detected.
Parasites	2. Blastocystis hominis and Amoeba protozoa such as Entamoeba hartmanni, Entaboeba coli, Endolimax
	nana, Iodamoeba butschlii, Dientamoeba fragilis, Chilomastix mesnili found through microscope
	examination are considered qualified and no treatment is required.
	3. Pregnant women who have positive result for parasites examination are considered qualified and
	please have medical treatment after the child's birth.
	1. After testing by either RPR or VDRL together with TPHA(TPPA), if cases meet one of the following
for Syphilis	situations are considered failing the examination.
	(1) Active syphilis: must fit the criterion $(1) + (2)$ or only the criterion $(3)$ .
	(2)Inactive syphilis: only fit the criterion (2).
	2. Criterion:
	(1)Clinical symptoms with genital ulcers (chancres) or syphilis rash all over the body.
	(2)No past diagnosis of syphilis, a reactive nontreponemal test (i.e., VDRL or RPR), and
	$TPHA(TPPA) = 1 : 320 \uparrow (including 1 : 320)$
	(3)A past history of syphilis therapy and a current nontreponemal test titer demonstrating fourfold or
	greater increase from the last nontreponemal test titer.
	3. Those that have failed the serological test for syphilis but have submitted a medical treatment
	certificate are considered passing the examination.
Measles,	The item is considered unqualified if measles or rubella antibody is negative (or equivocal) and no
Rubella	measles, rubella vaccination certificate issued after the antibody test is provided. Those who having
	contraindications, not suitable for vaccinations are considered qualified.